

Buffers

1 L 10x Tris-Glycine-SDS

- 30 g Tris Base
- 144 g Glycine
- 10 g SDS
- ddH₂O to 1 L, store at RT

1 L 10x Tris-Glycine

- 30 g Tris Base
- 144 g Glycine
- ddH₂O to 1 L, store at RT

1 L SDS-PAGE running buffer

- 100 mL 10x Tris-Glycine-SDS
- ddH₂O to 1 L, cool to 4°C and store at 4°C

1 L Transfer Buffer

- 100 mL 10x Tris-Glycine
- 200 mL Methanol
- ddH₂O to 1 L, cool to 4°C and store at 4°C

1 L 10x PBS

- 80 g NaCl
- 2 g KCl
- 14.4 g Na₂HPO₄ (or 27.2 g Na₂HPO₄ • 7H₂O)
- 2.4 g KH₂PO₄
- ddH₂O to 1 L, store at RT

1 L PBS-Tween

- 100 mL 10x PBS
- 0.5 mL Tween-20 (use a cut pipette tip)
- ddH₂O to 1 L, mix with a stirbar, store at RT

Protocol

Day 1

- (morning) Load samples (in 1x LDS + BME) into a Tris-glycine polyacrylamide gel
- Run in SDS-PAGE running buffer for approx. 80 min at 180 V limiting (or other parameters depending on the sample)
- Recover gel, remove wells and foot, soak in transfer buffer and place in a transfer sandwich (from bottom to top: black plastic, 2x black sponge, filter paper, gel [inverted], membrane presoaked in transfer buffer, filter paper, 2x white sponge, white plastic)
- Transfer in transfer buffer at 70 V limiting for 2 hrs in the cold room (use an ice block to cool the buffer) or 100 mA limiting overnight. Alternatively, if it's an easy blot do 90V limiting for 1 hr

- During this time, make 40 mL of blocking solution by adding 2 g blocking reagent (Biorad) to 40 mL PBS-tween in a conical and inverting until it dissolves.
- Recover the membrane and cut (if appropriate)
- OPTIONAL: Stain membrane in Ponceau by rocking for 5 min in stain and 1 min in ddH₂O
- Place membrane(s) in 30 mL blocking solution
- Shake for 30 min at room temp
- During this time, add 40 mL PBS-Tween to the remaining 10 mL blocking solution. This is your 1% milk solution
- Make antibody dilutions in Eppis using 1% milk solution
- Recover membranes and place in heat-sealable pouches
- Heat seal so all but one side is sealed
- Add antibody to the open end and seal it. Make sure to label each pouch and keep track if you are doing multiple blots.
- Nutate in the cold room overnight
- Place the rest of the 1% milk solution at 4°C for use the next day

Day 2

- Recover membranes and wash in PBS-Tween by rocking at RT for 5 min
- Do two more washes in PBS-Tween
- During this time make a 1:10,000 dilution of secondary antibody in 1% milk
- After the last wash is done, add 5-15 mL of the secondary to each of the membranes
- Rock at room temp for 45 min (set a timer, more time and you'll get non-specific bands)
- After the secondary incubation, wash membranes 3x in PBS-Tween as before
- During this time, prepare the HRP reagent
- Place clingwrap on your bench and transfer membranes the clingwrap after blotting the excess PBS-Tween dry
- Add HRP reagent to the membranes and incubate at RT for approx. 5 min
- During this time, prepare the film developer in the dark room
- Transfer membranes to an exposure cassette after blotting excess HRP reagent from them
- Take 30 s and 5 min exposures, develop the film and decide whether shorter, intermediate, or longer exposures are necessary